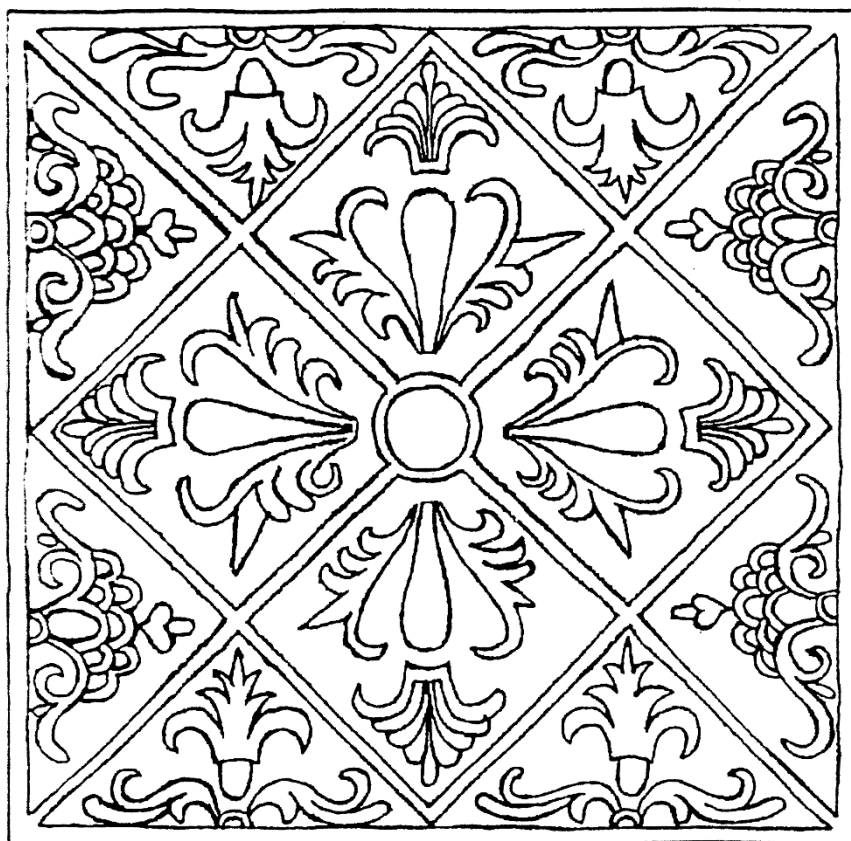


SZOPRÁNFURULYA- ISKOLA II.



ZARÁNDY ZOLTÁN

Szopránfurulya-iskola

Szerkesztette: Zarándy Zoltán

Lektorálta: Czidra László

Kottagrafika: Edőcs Ákos György

XIII.

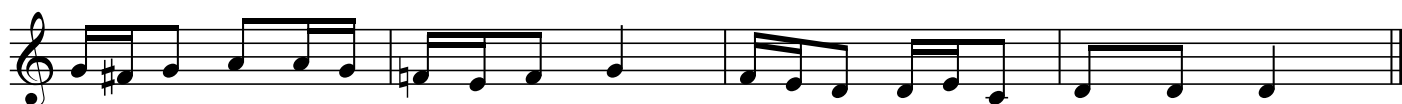
Tizenhatod ritmusok, pentatónia



Ujjgyakorlatok



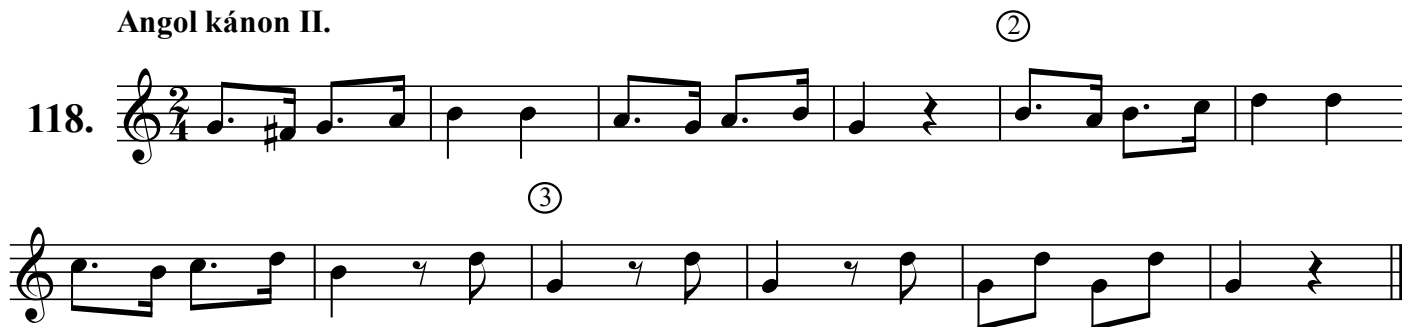
Dunántúli pásztortánc



Angol kánon



Angol kánon II.



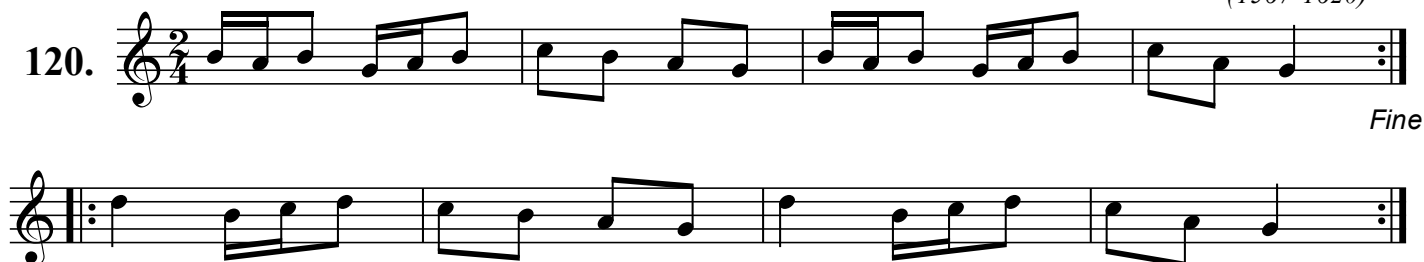
Gavotta

A. Corelli
(1653-1713)



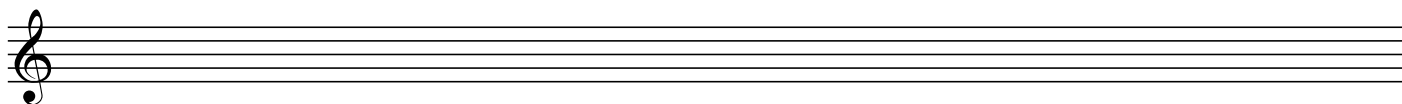
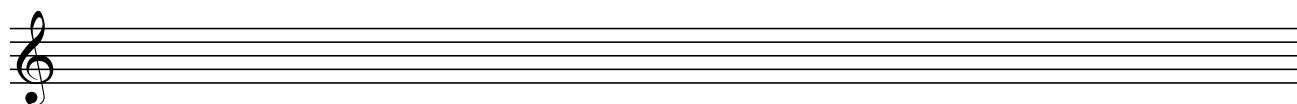
Canarie

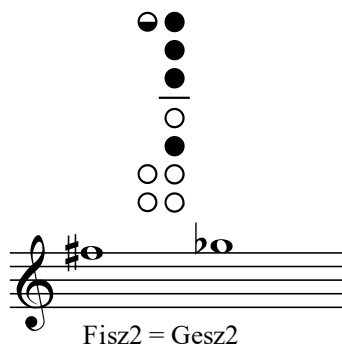
J. van den Hove
(1567-1620)



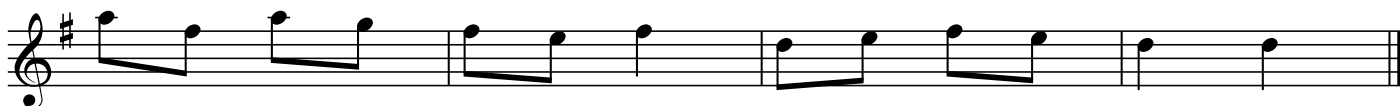
Fine

D.C. al Fine





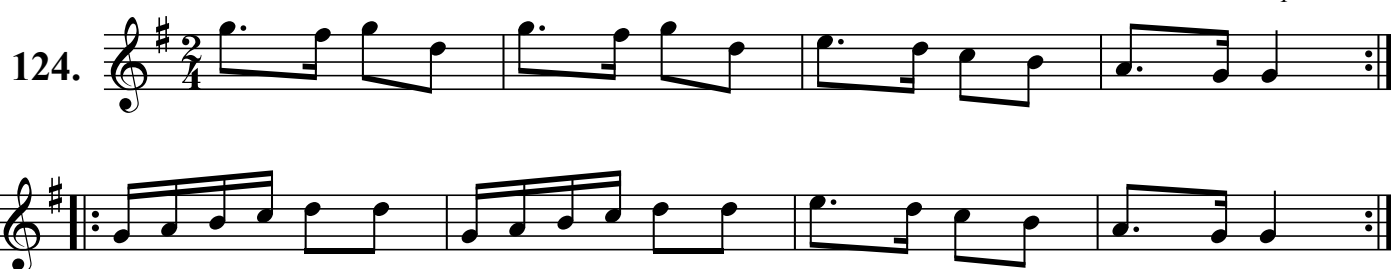
Virág Erzsi





Magyar tánc

*Stark kódex
Sopron 1689*



Magyar tánc

Apponyi kódex



Etűd



Etűd

127.



Menuetto

128.



Magyar tánc

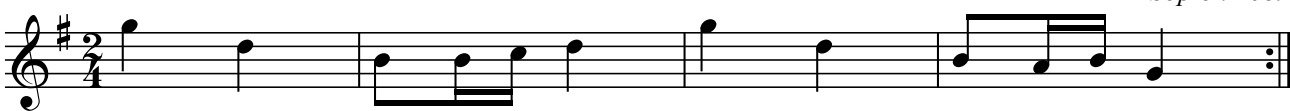
Pozsonyi kézirat XVIII. sz.

129.



Magyar tánc

Stark kódex
Sopron 1689

130. 







D.C. al Fine

Allemande

P. Phalése nyomán

131. 





Branle

P. Phalése Liber primus
leviorum carminum 1571

132. 





XIV.

7

Felütés

Rondo

Anon.

133.

Fine

Fine

D.C. al Fine

D.C. al Fine

Rigaudon*L. Cl. Daquin
(1694-1772)*

134.

S
S
A/T

Cotillion*J. M. Hotteterre
(1680-1761)*

135.

Bourrée*Anon.* 9

136.

**Induló***Anon.*

137.



138.

tr

tr

tr

tr

Rigaudon

E. Ph. Chedeville
(1696-1762)

139.

tr

tr

tr

tr

tr

tr



Gisz1 = Asz1

Ujjgyakorlat helyett



A mi cicánk



Dunántúli ugrós



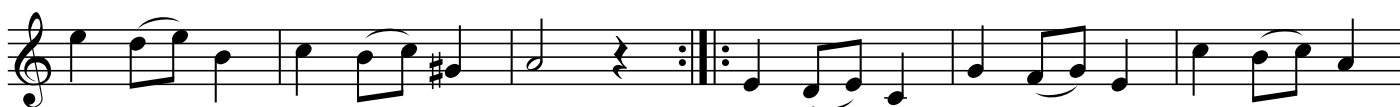
143.



Air

H. Purcell
(1659-1691)

144.



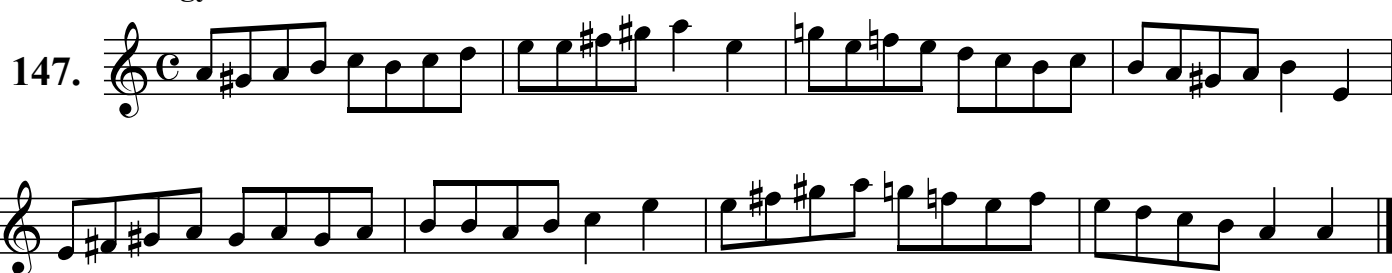
Árva fiú

Finn dal

145.



Skálagyakorlat

147. 

Gaillarde

*B. Fritsch
(c. 1570-1608 után)*

148. 

Intrada

Vietorisz kódex 1680

149. 

Branle

P. Phalése: Löweni Tánckönyv

150. 

Fine

Da Capo al Fine

Saltus Hungaricus

*Ex libris Stephani Mártonfi
Csíksomlyó 1813*

151.

Magyar tánc

152.

Saltus Hungaricus

*Ex libris Stephani Mártonfi
Csíksomlyó 1813*

153.

Branle*P. Phalése: Löweni Tánckönyv*

154. 



Fine

Da Capo al Fine

Passamezzo Antico*Nicolaus Ammerbach
tabulatürája, XVII. sz.*

155. 





Szívem, mint a csillagok*Finn dal*

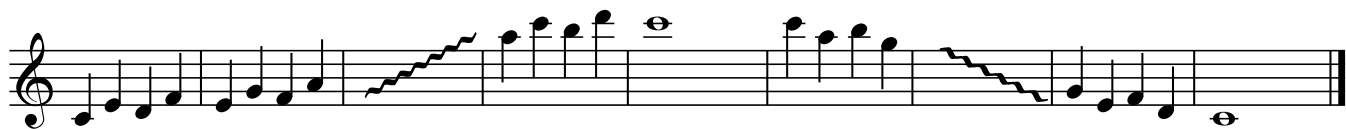
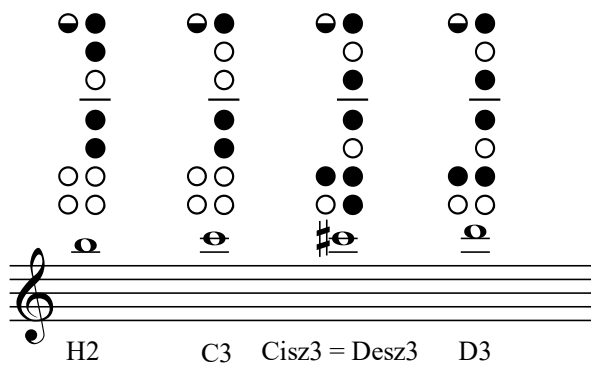
156. 



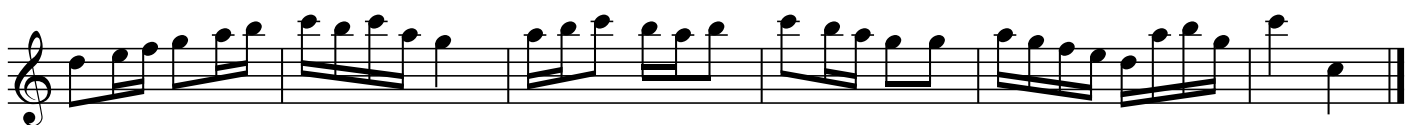


XVI.

17



Etúd

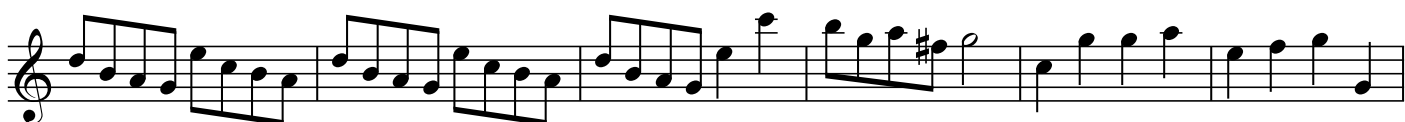


Passepied

Anon. XVIII. sz.



Gavotte

G. F. Händel
1685-1759.

Sarabande

Anon. XVIII. sz.



Menuetto

161.

Menuetto

J. A. Schmike

162.

Minuet

G. Bingham

163.

XVII.

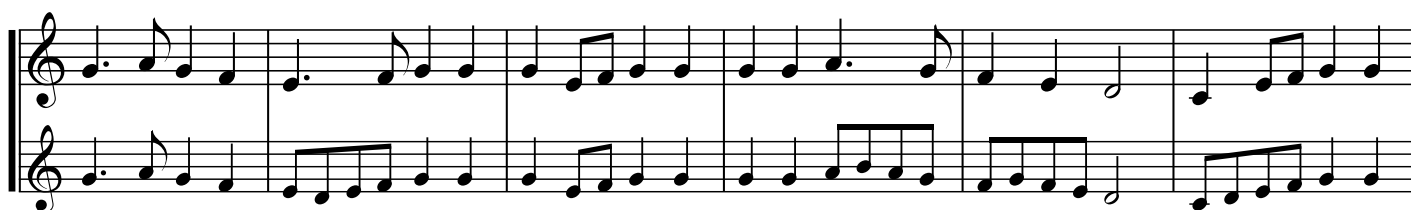
Dallami díszítés

Magyar tánc

Stark kódex



Pavane

P. Attaignant
(1494-1552)

Les Buffons

id. P. Phalèse (1510-1573)
Löwener Tanzbuch

166.

Chorea Polonica

Victorisz kódex

167.

Allemande

*T. Susato
Danserye 1531.*

168.

Allemande

*id. P. Phalèse (1510-1573)
Löwener Tanzbuch*

169.

Gavotta

B. Marcello
(1686-1739)

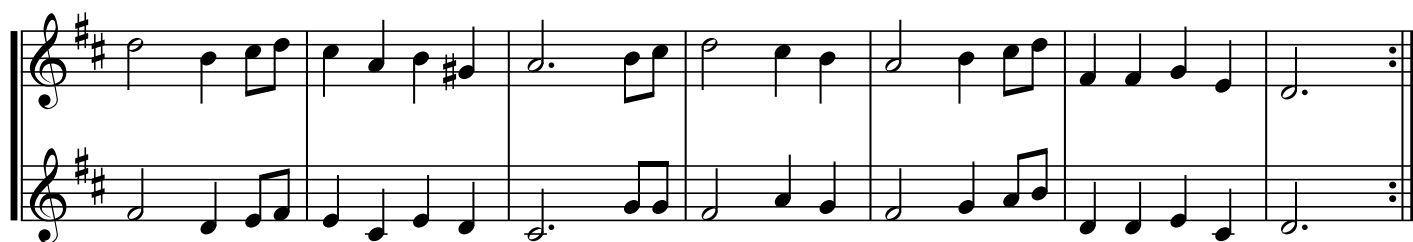
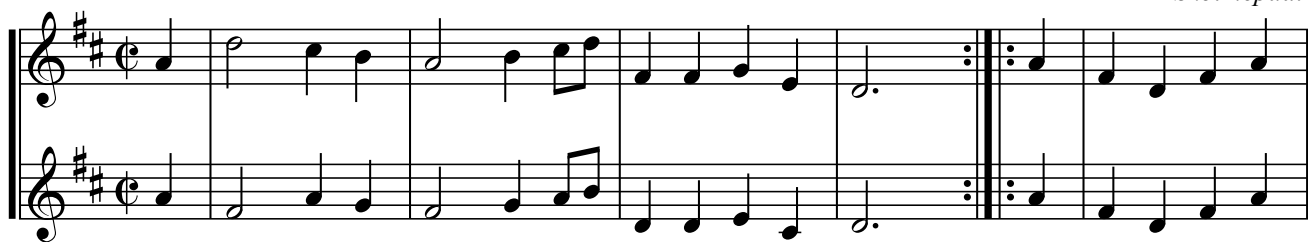
170.

XVIII.

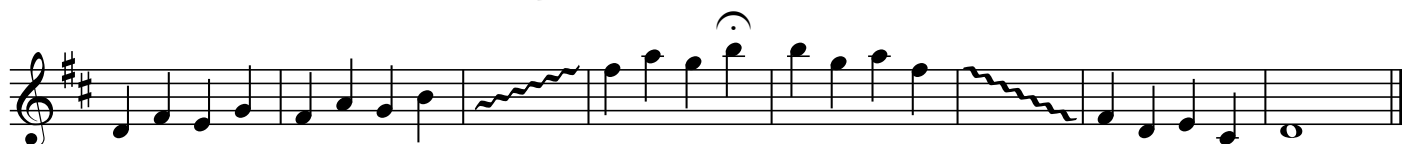
Cisz1 = Desz1 Cisz2 = Desz2



176.



D-dúr skála



Etűd

177.



Bourrée

C. J. H. Losy
(1674-1721)

178.

The musical score for exercise 178 consists of three staves of music in D major (indicated by two sharps) and common time (C). The first staff contains a continuous eighth-note melody. The second staff begins with a repeat sign, followed by a sequence of notes including a dotted half note. The third staff continues the melodic line, ending with a repeat sign. The notation includes various note values such as eighth, quarter, and half notes, as well as rests.

Menuetto

G. F. Händel
(1685-1759)

179.

The musical score for exercise 179 consists of four staves of music in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The melody is composed of eighth and quarter notes, with some beamed eighth notes. The second staff continues the melody and includes a repeat sign (double bar line with two dots) followed by a first ending. The third and fourth staves continue the melody, with the fourth staff ending with a double bar line and repeat dots. The overall structure is a single melodic line across four staves.

Menuetto

G. F. Händel
(1685-1759)

180.

Exercise 180 is a short piece in 3/4 time, one sharp (F#). The first staff contains a melody starting with a half note F#4, followed by quarter notes G4, A4, B4, and C5, then a half note B4, and ending with a quarter note A4. The second staff contains a melody starting with a half note F#4, followed by quarter notes G4, A4, B4, and C5, then a half note B4, and ending with a quarter note A4. Both staves end with a double bar line and repeat dots.

Ballet

Jean-Baptiste Besard
(1567-1617)

181.

Magyar tánc

Pozsonyi kézirat (XVIII. sz.)

182.

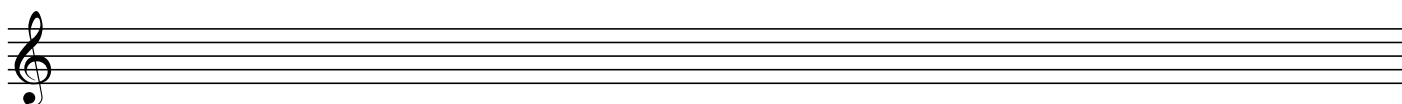
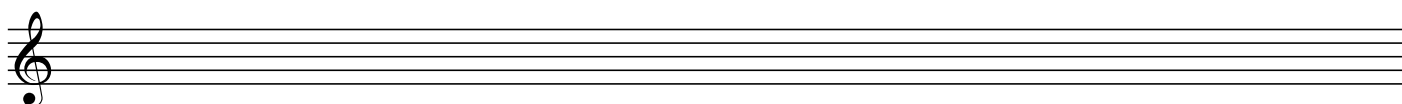
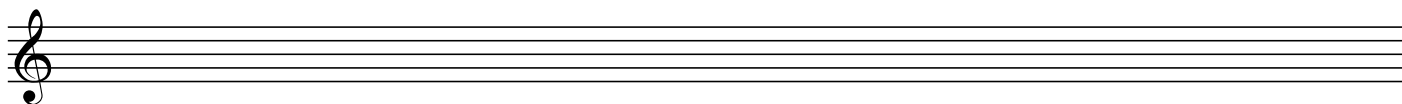
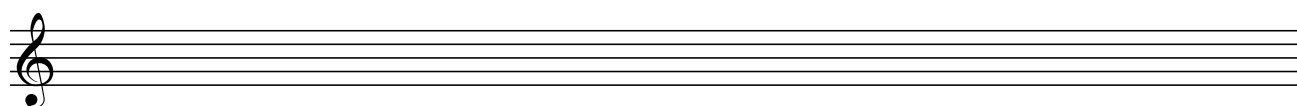
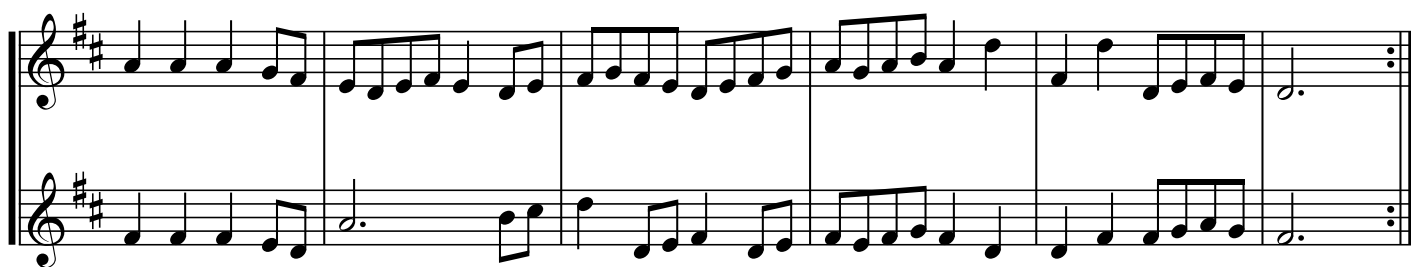
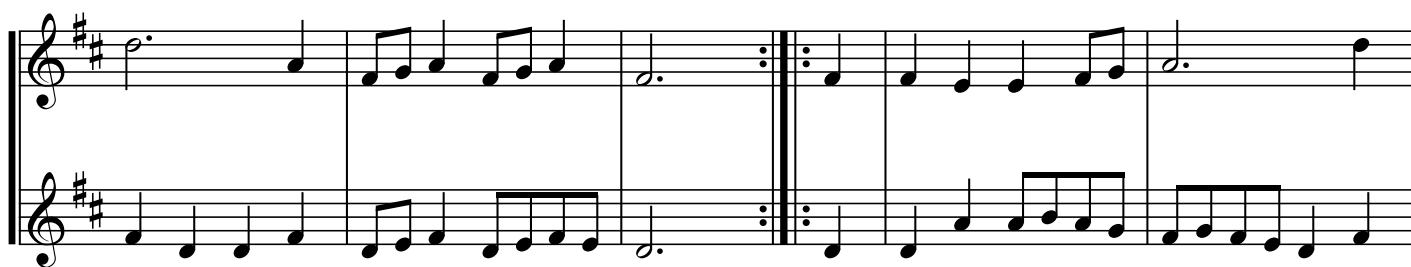
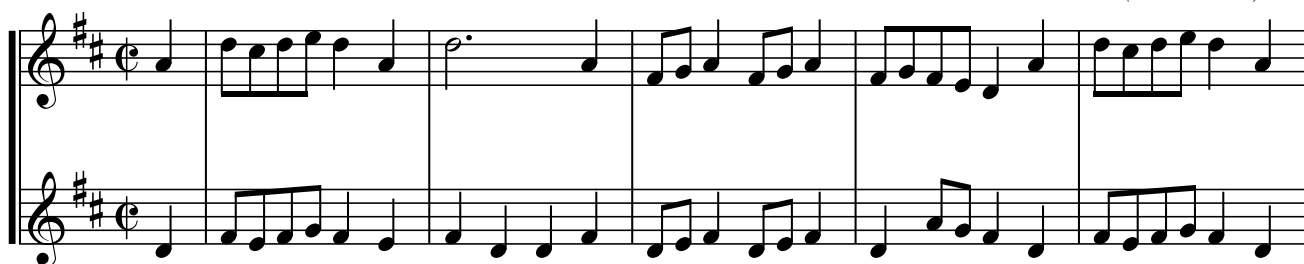
Saltus Hungaricus

Ex libris Stephani Mártonfi
(Csíksomlyó 1813)

183.

Rigaudon*J. B. Boismortier
(1689-1755)*

184.



XIX.

Ékítések

Rigaudon

E. Ph. Chedeville
(1696-1762)

185.

Menuetto

J. S. Bach
(1685-1750)

186.

*J. Chr. Naudot
(ca. 1690-1762)*

Sarabande

187.

The musical score for the Sarabande is written in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 3/4 time signature. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The piece is marked with a repeat sign at the end. The notation includes various musical symbols such as slurs, ties, and ornaments.

Courante

*J. M. Hotteterre
(1680-1761)*

188.

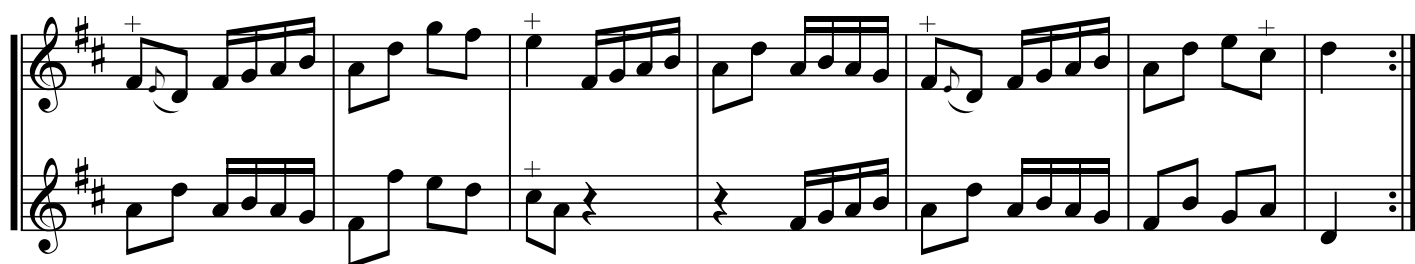
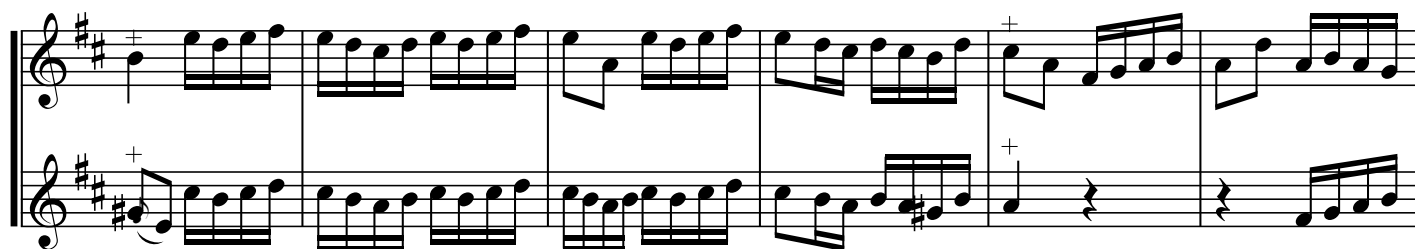
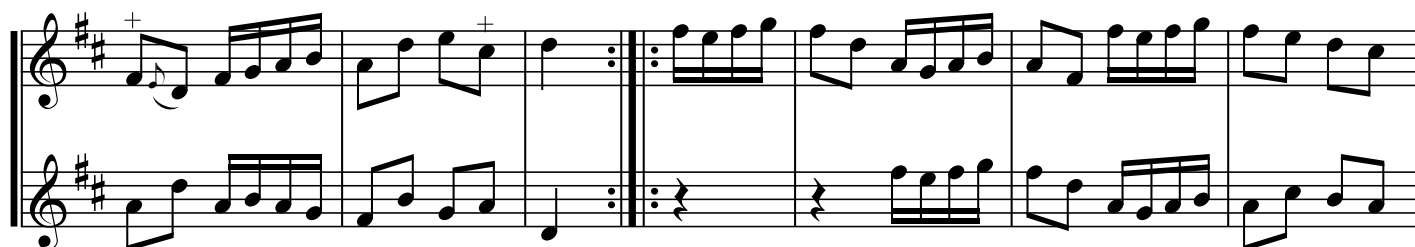
The musical score for the Courante is written in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 3/4 time signature. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The piece is marked with a repeat sign at the end. The notation includes various musical symbols such as slurs, ties, and ornaments.



Contradance

*J. Chr. Naudot
(ca. 1690-1762)*

189.



d-moll skála

Allemande

Hausmann
(1560-1612)

190.

A tél

G. Ph. Telemann
(1681-1767)

191.

Chorea Polonica

Lőcsei tabulatura (1670)

192.

In memoriam
Czidra László
(1940-2001)

Chorea Hungarica

Lőcsei tabulatura (1670)

193.

Proportio

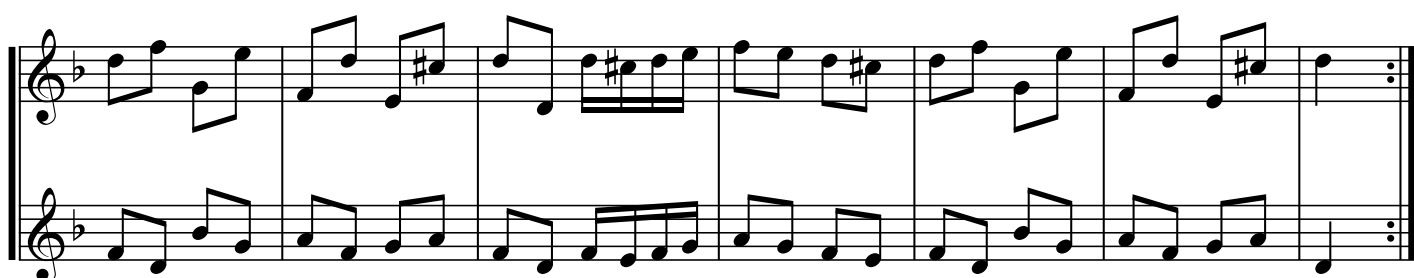
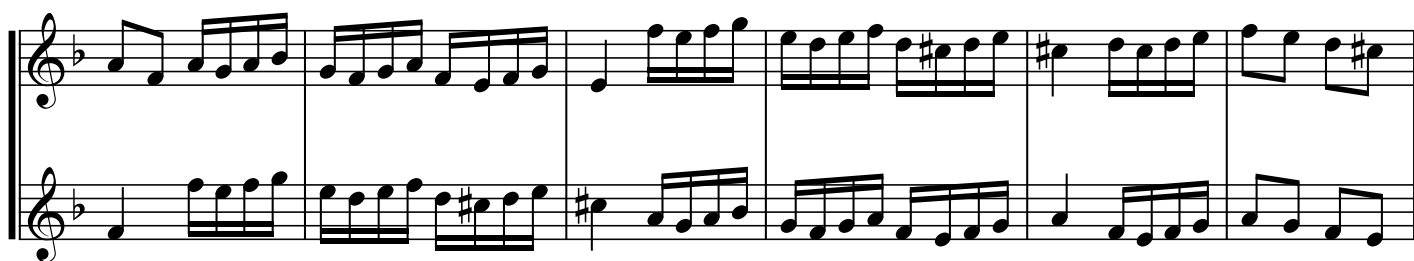
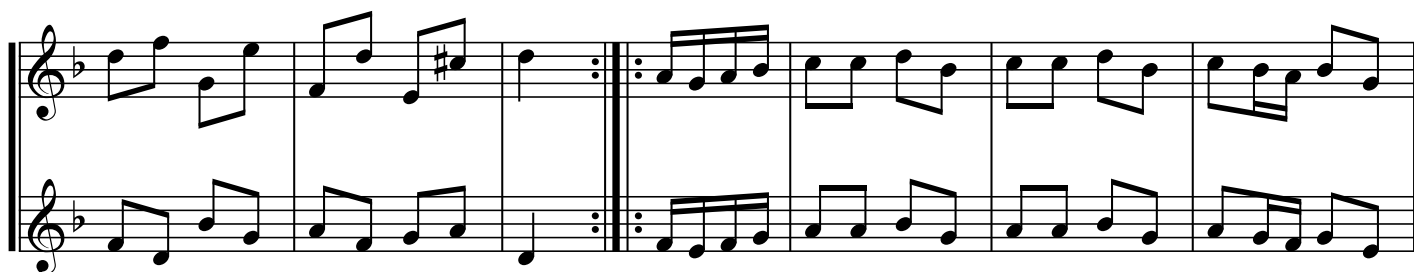
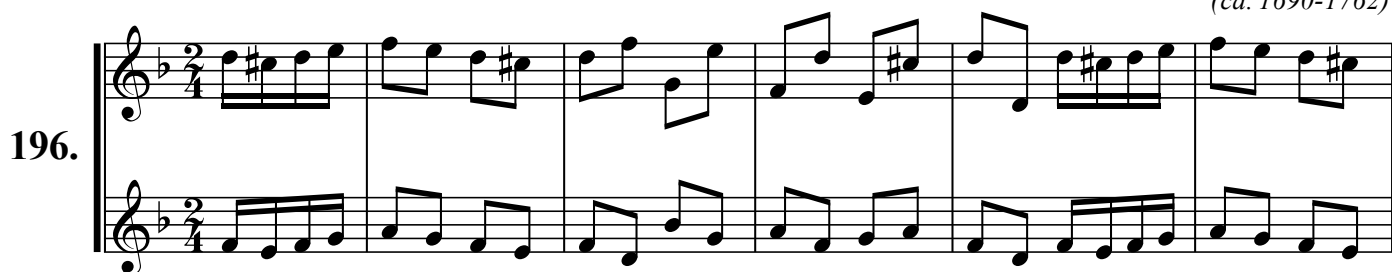
Lőcsei tabulatura (1670)

194.

Menuetto

J. Aubert
(1689-1753)

Contradanse

J. Chr. Naudot
(ca. 1690-1762)

Aria

Sperontes
(1705-1750)

197.

Musical score for Aria by Sperontes, measures 197-201. The score is written in treble clef with a 3/8 time signature. It consists of five staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a 3/8 time signature. The melody is written in a single line. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The piece ends with a double bar line and repeat dots.

Kánon a 3

G. B. Martini
(1706-1784)

198.

Musical score for Kánon a 3 by G. B. Martini, measures 198-202. The score is written in treble clef with a 3/8 time signature. It consists of five staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a 3/8 time signature. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The piece ends with a double bar line and repeat dots. There are three numbered boxes in the score: box 1 is above the first staff, box 2 is above the second staff, and box 3 is above the third staff.

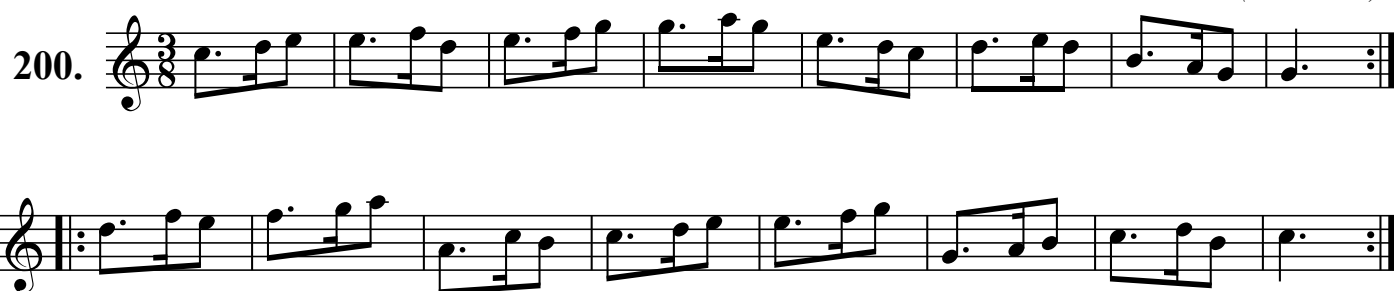
Passepied

*J. Chr. Schultze
(1733-1813)*

199.

The musical score is written for two staves in 3/8 time. It begins with a repeat sign at measure 199. The melody in the upper staff features eighth and sixteenth notes, while the bass staff provides a rhythmic accompaniment. The piece includes several repeat signs and a key signature change to one sharp (F#) at measure 202. The score concludes with a final double bar line at measure 204.

Gigue

Henry Purcell
(1659-1695)

Allegro

J. Chr. Pepusch
(1667-1752)

201.

Seven staves of music in 6/8 time. The first staff (numbered 201) contains measures 201 and 202. The subsequent staves contain measures 203 through 206. The music features a variety of note values including eighth, sixteenth, and thirty-second notes, with repeat signs at the end of measures 202 and 205.

202.

Musical score for Gigue, measure 202. The score is in 6/8 time, key of B-flat major. It consists of two staves. The first staff has a treble clef and the second staff has a bass clef. The music features a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some rests and a repeat sign at the end of the first system.

Gigue de Mr. King

Anon.

203.

Musical score for Gigue de Mr. King, measure 203. The score is in 6/8 time, key of B-flat major. It consists of two staves. The first staff has a treble clef and the second staff has a bass clef. The music features a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some rests and a repeat sign at the end of the first system.

Ugróstánc

*Vietorisz kódex
(XVII. sz.)*



La Volta

*William Byrd
(1542-1623)*



Régi angol dallam

William Byrd
(1542-1623)

206.

A

T

Courante

J. H. Schein
(1586-1630)

207.

Courante

J. H. Schein
(1586-1630)

208.

Intrada*Melchior Franck
(1580-1639)***Largo***J. Chr. Pepusch
(1667-1752)*

Galliarde

Benedict Greebe
(XVII. sz.)

211.

211. S S B